



AUTOGS A.E.

18402 - TIRE FOAM

Revision nr. 1

Dated 18/12/2016

Printed on 20/12/2016

Page n. 1/13

Safety data sheet

SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Code: 18402
Product name: TIRE FOAM

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use: Tire foam cleaner

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name: AUTO GS S.A.
Full address: PROEKTASI MAIANDROY-(ANOTHEN PERIFEREIAKOY EVOSMOS)
District and Country: 57013 THESSALONIKI (THESSALONIKI)
GREECE
Tel. +30 2310 688051
Fax +30 2310 688052

e-mail address of the competent person

responsible for the Safety Data Sheet: steve_gagas@yahoo.gr
Product distribution by: AUTO GS S.A.

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For urgent inquiries refer to: +30 210 7793777

SECTION 2. Hazards identification.

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture.

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of EC Regulation 1907/2006 and subsequent amendments. Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

2.1.1. Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and following amendments and adjustments.

Hazard classification and indication:

Aerosol, category 1	H222 H229	Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurised container: may burst if heated.
Eye irritation, category 2	H319	Causes serious eye irritation.

2.1.2. 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC Directives and following amendments and adjustments.

Danger Symbols:

--

R phrases:

--

2.2. Label elements.



AUTOGS A.E.

18402 - TIRE FOAM

Revision nr. 1

Dated 18/12/2016

Printed on 20/12/2016

Page n. 2/13

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:



Signal words:

Danger

Hazard statements:

H222	Extremely flammable aerosol.
H229	Pressurised container: may burst if heated.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
EUH208	Contains: reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H -isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1) May produce an allergic reaction.

Precautionary statements:

P102	Keep out of reach of children.
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P211	Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
P251	Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
P264	Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
P280	Wear protective gloves / eye protection / face protection.
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P337+P313	If eye irritation persists: get medical advice / attention.
P410+P412	Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C / 122°F.

2.3. Other hazards.

Contains: Aliphatic hydrocarbons 15 % or over but less than 30 %, Anionic and Non-ionic surfactants less than 5 %, Preservation agents, Methylchlorisothiazolinone, Methylisothiazolinone.

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients.

3.1. Substances.

Information not relevant.

3.2. Mixtures.

Contains:

Identification.	Conc. %.	Classification 67/548/EEC.	Classification 1272/2008 (CLP).
2-BUTOXYETHANOL			



AUTOGS A.E.

18402 - TIRE FOAM

Revision nr. 1

Dated 18/12/2016

Printed on 20/12/2016

Page n. 3/13

CAS. 111-76-2	4 - 4,5	Xn R20/21/22, Xi R36/38	Acute Tox. 4 H302, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315
EC. 203-905-0			
INDEX. 603-014-00-0			
Amides, coco, N,N-bis(hydroxyethyl)			
CAS. 68603-42-9	2 - 2,5		Eye Dam. 1 H318, Skin Irrit. 2 H315
EC. 271-657-0			
INDEX. -			
Sodium benzoate			
CAS. 532-32-1	2 - 2,5		Eye Irrit. 2 H319
EC. 208-534-8			
INDEX. -			
Reg. no. 01-2119460683-35-0000			

Note: Upper limit is not included into the range.

The full wording of the Risk (R) and hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

T+ = Very Toxic(T+), T = Toxic(T), Xn = Harmful(Xn), C = Corrosive(C), Xi = Irritant(Xi), O = Oxidizing(O), E = Explosive(E), F+ = Extremely Flammable(F+), F = Highly Flammable(F), N = Dangerous for the Environment(N)

SECTION 4. First aid measures.

4.1. Description of first aid measures.

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 30-60 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. Get medical advice/attention.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention.

INGESTION: Have the subject drink as much water as possible. Get medical advice/attention. Do not induce vomiting unless explicitly authorised by a doctor.

INHALATION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Remove victim to fresh air, away from the accident scene. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Take suitable precautions for rescue workers.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed.

For symptoms and effects caused by the contained substances, see chap. 11.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed.

Information not available.

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures.

5.1. Extinguishing media.

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT



AUTOGS A.E.

18402 - TIRE FOAM

Revision nr. 1

Dated 18/12/2016

Printed on 20/12/2016

Page n. 4/13

The extinguishing equipment should be of the conventional kind: carbon dioxide, foam, powder and water spray.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

None in particular.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture.

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

If overheated, aerosol cans can deform, explode and be propelled considerable distances. Put a protective helmet on before approaching the fire. Do not breathe combustion products.

5.3. Advice for firefighters.

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures.

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures.

Eliminate all sources of ignition (cigarettes, flames, sparks, etc.) from the leakage site. Send away individuals who are not suitably equipped. Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection.

6.2. Environmental precautions.

Do not disperse in the environment.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up.

Use inert absorbent material to soak up leaked product. Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections.

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage.

7.1. Precautions for safe handling.



AUTOGS A.E.

18402 - TIRE FOAM

Revision nr. 1

Dated 18/12/2016

Printed on 20/12/2016

Page n. 5/13

Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Do not spray on flames or incandescent bodies. Vapours may catch fire and an explosion may occur; vapour accumulation is therefore to be avoided by leaving windows and doors open and ensuring good cross ventilation. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Do not breathe spray.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities.

Store in a place where adequate ventilation is ensured, away from direct sunlight at a temperature below 50°C, away from any combustion sources.

7.3. Specific end use(s).

Information not available.

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection.

8.1. Control parameters.

Regulatory References:

CZE	Česká Republika	Nariadení vlády č. 361/2007 Sb. kterým se stanoví podmínky ochrany zdraví při práci
DEU	Deutschland	MAK-und BAT-Werte-Liste 2012
FRA	France	JORF n°0109 du 10 mai 2012 page 8773 texte n° 102
GRB	United Kingdom	EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits
GRC	Ελλάδα	ΕΦΗΜΕΡΙΣ ΤΗΣ ΚΥΒΕΡΝΗΣΕΩΣ -ΤΕΥΧΟΣ ΠΡΩΤΟ Αρ. Φύλλου 19 - 9 Φεβρουαρίου 2012
HRV	Hrvatska	NN13/09- Institut za sigurnost Zagreb
ITA	Italia	Decreto Legislativo 9 Aprile 2008, n.81
NLD	Nederland	Databank of the social and Economic Concil of Netherlands (SER) Values, AF 2011:18

TUR Türkiye
2000/39/EC say

Direktifin ekidir
EU

OEL EU

TLV-ACGIH

Directive 2009/161/EU; D
Directive 2000/39/EC.
ACGIH 2014

2-BUTOXYETHANOL

Threshold Limit Value.

Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
TLV	CZE	100		200		SKIN.
AGW	DEU	49	10	196	40	SKIN.
MAK	DEU	49	10	98	20	SKIN.
VLEP	FRA	49	10	246	50	SKIN.
WEL	GRB	123	25	246	50	SKIN.



AUTOGS A.E.

18402 - TIRE FOAM

Revision nr. 1

Dated 18/12/2016

Printed on 20/12/2016

Page n. 6/13

TLV	GRC	120	25			
GVI	HRV	98	20	246	50	SKIN.
MDK	HRV	25	5			
TLV	ITA	98	20	246	50	SKIN.
OEL	NLD	100		246		SKIN.
ESD	TUR	98	20	246	50	SKIN.
OEL	EU	98	20	246	50	SKIN.
TLV-ACGIH		97	20			

Legend:

(C) = CEILING ; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction ; RESP = Respirable Fraction ; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

8.2. Exposure controls.

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

HAND PROTECTION

None required.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category I professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Directive 89/686/EEC and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, a mask with a type AX filter combined with a type P filter should be worn (see standard EN 14387).

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS.

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties.

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties.

Appearance	aerosol
Colour	white
Odour	characteristic
Odour threshold.	Not available.
pH.	Not available.



AUTOGS A.E.

18402 - TIRE FOAM

Revision nr. 1

Dated 18/12/2016

Printed on 20/12/2016

Page n. 7/13

Melting point / freezing point.	Not available.
Initial boiling point.	Not available.
Boiling range.	Not available.
Flash point.	Not available.
Evaporation rate	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available.
Lower inflammability limit.	Not available.
Upper inflammability limit.	Not available.
Lower explosive limit.	Not available.
Upper explosive limit.	Not available.
Vapour pressure.	Not available.
Vapour density	Not available.
Relative density.	Not available.
Solubility	Not available.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature.	Not available.
Decomposition temperature.	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.
Explosive properties	Not available.
Oxidising properties	Not available.

9.2. Other information.

Information not available.

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity.

10.1. Reactivity.

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

2-BUTOXYETHANOL: decomposes in the presence of heat.

10.2. Chemical stability.

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions.

No hazardous reactions are foreseeable in normal conditions of use and storage.

2-BUTOXYETHANOL: can react dangerously with: aluminium, oxidising agents. Forms peroxide with air.

10.4. Conditions to avoid.

Avoid overheating.

2-BUTOXYETHANOL: avoid exposure to sources of heat and naked flames.



AUTOGS A.E.

18402 - TIRE FOAM

Revision nr. 1

Dated 18/12/2016

Printed on 20/12/2016

Page n. 8/13

10.5. Incompatible materials.

Strong reducing or oxidising agents, strong acids or alkalis, hot material.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products.

2-BUTOXYETHANOL: hydrogen.

SECTION 11. Toxicological information.

11.1. Information on toxicological effects.

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification. It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

Acute effects: stinging eyes. Symptoms may include: rubescence, edema, pain and lachrymation.

Ingestion may cause health problems, including stomach pain and sting, nausea and sickness.

This product contains sensitizing substance/s and may cause allergic reactions.

Sodium benzoate (EMERALD)

LD50 (Oral).2000 mg/kg

LD50 (Dermal).2000 mg/kg

LC50 (Inhalation).12,2 mg/l/4h

Amides, coco, N,N-bis(hydroxyethyl)

LD50 (Oral).5000 mg/kg

LD50 (Dermal).2000 mg/kg

2-BUTOXYETHANOL

LD50 (Oral).615 mg/kg Rat

LD50 (Dermal).405 mg/kg Rabbit

LC50 (Inhalation).2,2 mg/l/4h Rat

SECTION 12. Ecological information.

Use this product according to good working practices. Avoid littering. Inform the competent authorities, should the product reach waterways or sewers or contaminate soil or vegetation.

12.1. Toxicity.

Sodium benzoate

LC50 - for Fish. 100 mg/l/96h

EC50 - for Crustacea. 100 mg/l/48h

EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants. 100 mg/l/72h

Amides, coco, N,N-

bis(hydroxyethyl)

LC50 - for Fish. 2,4 mg/l/96h



AUTOGS A.E.

18402 - TIRE FOAM

Revision nr. 1

Dated 18/12/2016

Printed on 20/12/2016

Page n. 9/13

EC50 - for Crustacea. 3,2 mg/l/48h

12.2. Persistence and degradability.

Sodium benzoate

Rapidly biodegradable.

Amides, coco, N,N-bis(hydroxyethyl)

Rapidly biodegradable.

2-BUTOXYETHANOL

Solubility in water. mg/l 1000 - 10000

Rapidly biodegradable.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential.

Sodium benzoate

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water. -227 Log Kow

2-BUTOXYETHANOL

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water. 0,81

12.4. Mobility in soil.

Information not available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment.

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

12.6. Other adverse effects.

Information not available.

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations.

13.1. Waste treatment methods.



AUTOGS A.E.

18402 - TIRE FOAM

Revision nr. 1

Dated 18/12/2016

Printed on 20/12/2016

Page n. 10/13

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

Avoid littering. Do not contaminate soil, sewers and waterways.

Waste transportation may be subject to ADR restrictions.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

SECTION 14. Transport information.

14.1. UN number.

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: UN: 1950

14.2. UN proper shipping name.

ADR / RID: AEROSOLS
MIXTURE
IMDG: AEROSOLS
MIXTURE
IATA:

14.3. Transport hazard class(es).

ADR / RID: Class: 2 Label: 2.1

IMDG: Class: 2 Label: 2.1

IATA: Class: 2 Label: 2.1



14.4. Packing group.

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: -

14.5. Environmental hazards.

ADR / RID: NO

14.6. Special precautions for user.

ADR / RID:	Nr. Kemler: --	Limited Quantity 1 L	Tunnel restriction code (D)
IMDG:	Special Provision: - EMS: F-D, S-U	Limited Quantity 1 L	
IATA:	Cargo:	Maximum quantity: 150 Kg	Packaging instructions: 203



AUTOGS A.E.

18402 - TIRE FOAM

Revision nr. 1

Dated 18/12/2016

Printed on 20/12/2016

Page n. 11/13

Pass.:

Special Instructions:

Maximum
quantity: 75
Kg
A145, A167,
A802

Packaging
instructions:
203

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code.

Information not relevant.

SECTION 15. Regulatory information.

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture.

Seveso category. None.

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006.

None.

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH).

None.

Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH).

None.

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to (EC) Reg. 649/2012:

None.

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None.

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None.

Healthcare controls.

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment.

No chemical safety assessment has been processed for the mixture and the substances it contains.

SECTION 16. Other information.



AUTOGS A.E.

18402 - TIRE FOAM

Revision nr. 1

Dated 18/12/2016

Printed on 20/12/2016

Page n. 12/13

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Aerosol 1	Aerosol, category 1
Aerosol 3	Aerosol, category 3
Acute Tox. 4	Acute toxicity, category 4
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage, category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	Eye irritation, category 2
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin irritation, category 2
H222	Extremely flammable aerosol.
H229	Pressurised container: may burst if heated.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H315	Causes skin irritation.

Text of risk (R) phrases mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

R20/21/22	HARMFUL BY INHALATION, IN CONTACT WITH SKIN AND IF SWALLOWED.
R36/38	IRRITATING TO EYES AND SKIN.

LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- CAS NUMBER: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE NUMBER: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: EC Regulation 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX NUMBER: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: EC Regulation 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).



AUTOGS A.E.

18402 - TIRE FOAM

Revision nr. 1

Dated 18/12/2016

Printed on 20/12/2016

Page n. 13/13

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

1. Directive 1999/45/EC and following amendments
 2. Directive 67/548/EEC and following amendments and adjustments
 3. Regulation (EU) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
 4. Regulation (EU) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
 5. Regulation (EU) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
 6. Regulation (EU) 453/2010 of the European Parliament
 7. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
 8. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
 9. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
 10. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
 11. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- The Merck Index. - 10th Edition
 - Handling Chemical Safety
 - Niosh - Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances
 - INRS - Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
 - Patty - Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
 - N.I. Sax - Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
 - ECHA website

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.