

Revision nr. 1

Dated 27/2/2016

Printed on 27/2/2016

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Safety data sheet

SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

 Code:
 18452-18439-18418-18441-18614-18624

 Product name
 SCREEN WASH INSECT REMOVAL

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use Screen wash

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name AUTO GS S.A.

Full address PROEKTASI MAIANDROY-(ANOTHEN PERIFEREIAKOY EVOSMOS)

District and Country 57013 THESSALONIKI (THESSALONIKI)

GREECE

Tel. +30 2310 688051 Fax +30 2310 688052

e-mail address of the competent person

responsible for the Safety Data Sheet steve_gagas@yahoo.gr

Product distribution by AUTO GS S.A.

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For urgent inquiries refer to +30 210 7793777

SECTION 2. Hazards identification.

- 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture.
- 2.1.1. Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and following amendments and adjustments.

Hazard classification and indication:

2.2. Label elements.

Hazard pictograms:	
Signal words:	
Hazard statements:	

Precautionary statements:



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Keep out of reach of children.

2.3. Other hazards.

CONTAINS: Anionic surfactants less than 5%, Perfume, Limonene, Preservation agents, Methylchloroisothiazolinone, Methylisothiazolinone. On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients.

3.1. Substances.

Information not relevant.

3.2. Mixtures.

Contains:

Identification. 1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL

Conc. %.

Classification 67/548/EEC.

Classification 1272/2008 (CLP).

Flam. Liq. 3 H226, STOT SE 3 H336

CAS. 107-98-2 EC. 203-539-1

LO. 200 000 1

INDEX. 603-064-00-3

Note: Upper limit is not included into the range.

The full wording of the Risk (R) and hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

 $T+ = Very\ Toxic(T+),\ T = Toxic(T),\ Xn = Harmful(Xn),\ C = Corrosive(C),\ Xi = Irritant(Xi),\ O = Oxidizing(O),\ E = Explosive(E),\ F+ = Extremely Flammable(F+),\ F = Highly Flammable(F),\ N = Dangerous for the Environment(N)$

R10. R67

SECTION 4. First aid measures.

4.1. Description of first aid measures.

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 30-60 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. Get medical advice/attention.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention.

INGESTION: Have the subject drink as much water as possible. Get medical advice/attention. Do not induce vomiting unless explicitly authorised by a doctor.

INHALATION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Remove victim to fresh air, away from the accident scene. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Take suitable precautions for rescue workers.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed.

For symptoms and effects caused by the contained substances, see chap. 11.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed.

Information not available.



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SECTION 5. Firefighting measures.

5.1. Extinguishing media.

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Extinguishing substances are: carbon dioxide, foam, chemical powder. For product loss or leakage that has not caught fire, water spray can be used to disperse flammable vapours and protect those trying to stem the leak.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Do not use jets of water. Water is not effective for putting out fires but can be used to cool containers exposed to flames to prevent explosions.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture.

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

Excess pressure may form in containers exposed to fire at a risk of explosion. Do not breathe combustion products.

5.3. Advice for firefighters.

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures.

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures.

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

6.2. Environmental precautions.

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up.

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Check incompatibility for container material in section 7. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections.



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Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage.

7.1. Precautions for safe handling.

Keep away from heat, sparks and naked flames; do not smoke or use matches or lighters. Without adequate ventilation, vapours may accumulate at ground level and, if ignited, catch fire even at a distance, with the danger of backfire. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove any contaminated clothes and personal protective equipment before entering places in which people eat. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities.

Store only in the original container. Store in a well ventilated place, keep far away from sources of heat, naked flames and sparks and other sources of ignition. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

7.3. Specific end use(s).

Information not available.

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection.

8.1. Control parameters.

Česká Republika

Regulatory References:

CZE

		zdravi pri praci
DEU	Deutschland	MAK-und BAT-Werte-Liste 2012
FRA	France	JORF n°0109 du 10 mai 2012 page 8773 texte n° 102
GRB	United Kingdom	EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits
GRC	Ελλάδα	ΕΦΗΜΕΡΙΣ ΤΗΣ ΚΥΒΕΡΝΗΣΕΩΣ -ΤΕΥΧΟΣ ΠΡΩΤΟ Αρ. Φύλλου 19 - 9
		Φεβρουαρίου 2012
HRV	Hrvatska	NN13/09- Institut za sigurnost Zagreb
IΤΛ	Italia	Decrete Legislative 9 Aprile 2008 n 81

Decreto Legislativo 9 Aprile 2008, n.81 ITA Italia

NLD Nederland Databank of the social and Economic Concil of Netherlands (SER) Values,

AF 2011:18

TUR Türkiye 2000/39/EC say

Direktifin ekidir

EU **OEL EU** Directive 2009/161/EU; D Directive 2000/39/EC.

Nařízení vlády č. 361/2007 Sb. kterým se stanoví podmínky ochrany

TLV-ACGIH **ACGIH 2014**



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1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL

Threshold Limit Value.						
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
TLV	CZE	270		550		SKIN.
AGW	DEU	370	100	740	200	
MAK	DEU	370	100	740	200	
VLEP	FRA	188	50	375	10	SKIN.
WEL	GRB	375	100	560	150	SKIN.
TLV	GRC	360	100	1080	300	
GVI	HRV	375	100	568	150	SKIN.
MDK	HRV	360	100	540	150	
TLV	ITA	375	100	568	150	SKIN.
OEL	NLD	375		563		SKIN.
ESD	TUR	375	100	568	150	SKIN.
OEL	EU	375	100	568	150	SKIN.
TLV-ACGIH		184	50	368	100	

Legend:

(C) = CEILING ; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction ; RESP = Respirable Fraction ; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

8.2. Exposure controls.

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves (see standard EN 374).

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category I professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Directive 89/686/EEC and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, use a mask with a type A filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration. (see standard EN 14387). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required.

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529.



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ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS.

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties.

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties.

Appearance liquid

Colour as showed in color folder

Odour typical Odour threshold. Not available. pH. 7,0-9,5 Melting point / freezing point. Not available. Not available. Initial boiling point. Boiling range. Not available. Flash point. Not available. Evaporation rate Not available. Flammability (solid, gas) Not available. Lower inflammability limit. Not available. Upper inflammability limit. Not available. Lower explosive limit. Not available. Upper explosive limit. Not available. Vapour pressure. Not available. Vapour density Not available. 0.98-1,01 Relative density. Solubility Not available. Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water Not available. Auto-ignition temperature. Not available Decomposition temperature. Not available.

9.2. Other information.

Information not available.

Explosive properties

Oxidising properties

Viscosity

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity.

10.1. Reactivity.

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

Not available.

Not available.

Not available.

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL: absorbs and disolves in water and in organic solvents, dissolves various plastic materials; it is stable but with air it may slowly form explosive peroxides.

10.2. Chemical stability.

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.



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10	3	Possibility	of h	azardous	reactions
IU	.J.	POSSIDILLA	OI II	azaruous	reactions.

The vapours may also form explosive mixtures with the air.

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL: can react dangerously with strong oxidising agents and strong acids.

10.4. Conditions to avoid.

Avoid overheating. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Avoid all sources of ignition.

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL: avoid exposure to the air.

10.5. Incompatible materials.

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL: oxidising agents, strong acids and alkaline metals.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products.

In the event of thermal decomposition or fire, gases and vapours that are potentially dangerous to health may be released.

SECTION 11. Toxicological information.

11.1. Information on toxicological effects.

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL: the main way of entry is the skin, whereas the respiratory way is less important owing to the low vapour tension of the product. Concentrations above 100 ppm cause eye irritation, nose and oropharynx. At 1000 ppm disturbance in the equilibrium and severe eye irritation is observed. Clinical and biological examinations carried out on exposed volunteers revealed no anomalies. Acetate produces greater skin and ocular irritation on direct contact. No chronic effects have been reported in man.

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL LD50 (Oral).5300 mg/kg Rat LD50 (Dermal).13000 mg/kg Rabbit LC50 (Inhalation).54,6 mg/l/4h Rat

SECTION 12. Ecological information.

12.1. Toxicity.

Information not available.

12.2. Persistence and degradability.



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1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL		
Solubility in water.	mg/l 1000 - 10000	
apidly biodegradable.		
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential.		
1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL		
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water.	<1	
12.4. Mobility in soil.		
nformation not available.		
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB asses	ssment.	
On the basis of available data, the produc	ct does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.	
12.6. Other adverse effects.		
nformation not available.		
SECTION 13. Disposal con	siderations.	
13.1. Waste treatment methods.		
Disposal must be performed through an a void littering. Do not contaminate soil, so CONTAMINATED PACKAGING	dues should be considered special non-hazardous waste. authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations. ewers and waterways. ered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.	
SECTION 14. Transport inf	ormation.	
4.1. UN number.		
lot applicable.		
4.2. UN proper shipping name.		
lot applicable.		



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14.3. Transport hazard class(es).
Not applicable.
14.4. Packing group.
Not applicable.
14.5. Environmental hazards.
Not applicable.
14.6. Special precautions for user.
Not applicable.
14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code.
Information not relevant.
SECTION 15. Regulatory information.
15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture.
Seveso category. None.
Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006.
None.
Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH).
None.
Substances subject to authorisarion (Annex XIV REACH).
None.



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Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to (EC) Reg. 649/2012:

None.

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None.

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None.

Healthcare controls.

Information not available.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment.

No chemical safety assessment has been processed for the mixture and the substances it contains.

SECTION 16. Other information.

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Flam. Liq. 3 Flammable liquid, category 3

STOT SE 3 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
 H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
 EUH210 Safety data sheet available on request.

Text of risk (R) phrases mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

R10 FLAMMABLE.

R67 VAPOURS MAY CAUSE DROWSINESS AND DIZZINESS.

LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- CAS NUMBER: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE NUMBER: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: EC Regulation 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX NUMBER: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%

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OEL: Occupational Exposure Level

PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation

PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration

PEL: Predicted exposure level

PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration

REACH: EC Regulation 1907/2006

RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train

TLV: Threshold Limit Value

TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.

TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit

TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit

VOC: Volatile organic Compounds

vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation

WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1. Directive 1999/45/EC and following amendments
- 2. Directive 67/548/EEC and following amendments and adjustments
- 3. Regulation (EU) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
- 4. Regulation (EU) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
- 5. Regulation (EU) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 6. Regulation (EU) 453/2010 of the European Parliament
- 7. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 8. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 9. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 10. Regulation (EÚ) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 11. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- Niosh Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances
- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- ECHA website

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.